



ambition for biodiversity

**BIODEV  
2030**



BIODEV 2030

SECTOR-BASED COMMITMENTS EMERGING FROM  
MULTI-STAKEHOLDER DIALOGUE

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Mandate of the BIODEV2030 Advisory  
Committee

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*IUCN Mozambique*

Maputo, July 2020

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FUNDING



COORDINATION



IMPLEMENTATION

## Background

Stopping biodiversity decline is an urgent imperative to secure the sustainable provision of vital ecosystem goods and services that underpin humanity's sustainable development, such as food, fibres, timber, carbon sequestration, water regulation, etc.

In order to 'bend the curve' of biodiversity decline, a cohesive movement needs to be catalysed with individual and joint commitments from all actors - States, private sector, civil society organizations, indigenous people and local communities, citizens, men, women, and youth. The voluntary contributions shall serve national ambitious objectives to stop biodiversity decline by 2030 and to restore biodiversity by 2050. They shall support advocacy for a strengthened post-2020 Global Biodiversity Framework with ambitious targets and robust implementation mechanisms, to be adopted by Parties at CBD CoP15 in Kunming.

Funded by AFD and implemented by Expertise France, IUCN and WWF-France, BIODEV2030 strives to galvanize such a movement between States and non-State actors and to secure ambitious science-based commitments with clear accountability mechanisms to deliver change. Led in 16 pilot countries simultaneously (8 operated by IUCN, 8 by WWF-France), among which Mozambique, the 2-year project shall facilitate a dialogue involving the stakeholders of two key relevant economic sectors (at least) in each country. The objective is to come up with concrete national and sectoral voluntary commitments to reduce pressures on biodiversity in the next decade, to support ambitious national targets for the Post2020 Global Biodiversity Framework.

The project shall inform this constructive dialogue with national and sectoral threat assessments based on existing data and scientific evaluations. It will also strive to build a community of practice at regional level through regional workshops. The IUCN world conservation congress in January 2021 in Marseille (France) and the CBD COP15<sup>1</sup> will offer opportunities to share experience, disseminate best practices and showcase results of 'champions' to inspire a broader global movement.

By this way, the project intends to contribute to reduce the threats on biodiversity by 2030 and to restore biodiversity by 2050 through following three specific objectives (3 "D"):

1. **"Diagnosis": Understand and assess the national and sectoral threats to biodiversity** and their political, social, economic and environmental context through quantitative reports based on sciences and qualitative interviews. This Diagnosis component shall result in the selection of 2 sectors critical for the economy and for biodiversity;
2. **"Dialogue": Increase common awareness and knowledge of biodiversity challenges and facilitate concrete voluntary commitments through Multi-stakeholder dialogue** facilitation. This Dialogue component shall result in voluntary commitments for biodiversity taken in at least 2 economic sectors;
3. **"Disseminate": Mainstream the approach through dissemination and experience sharing** with the aim to build a community of practice with other countries at regional level, and support a strengthened post-2020 Global Biodiversity Framework in international fora

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<sup>1</sup> not dated yet

(particularly IUCN world congress, CBD COP15). This Dissemination component shall inspire other countries and demonstrate how the mainstreaming of biodiversity into economic sectors can support conservation efforts for biodiversity.

In order to respond to the above objectives and to ensure the quality of the project outputs, implementation and governance, there is a need to create a BIODIV 2030 advisory committee that will guide the project implementation and monitor the quality of projects outputs.

### *Duties of the BIODIV 2030 advisory committee*

#### “Diagnosis” phase:

- Analyse and issue opinions on the scientific methodologies to be used in the “Diagnosis” phase;
- Provide technical and expert comments on the draft report (output 1) before final report;
- Identify 2 key economic sectors of focus for the multi-stakeholder dialogue phase;
- Provide feedback and comments on the 2 selected economic sector diagnosis (output 2), before final publication and before conclusions and recommendations are discussed in the multi-stakeholder phase;

#### “Dialogue” phase:

- Provide technical recommendations and guidance regarding the multi-stakeholder discussion phase (i.e. actors to involve, scale (national or sub-national) of the dialogue...);
- Provide opinions regarding the draft sectoral or multisectoral commitments
- Contribute to the multi-stakeholder dialogue

#### “Dissemination” phase:

- Identify key lessons learnt from the process to share at regional level and at the IUCN World Conservation Congress
- Provide recommendations on priorities for implementation or adjustments post CBD COP15

### *Rights of the BIODIV 2030 Advisory Committee*

- Be informed of the project objective, plans and main deliverables
- Be informed and presented to the tools that guide the research component of the project
- Give its contribution to improve the project approach in the country
- Receive the minutes of the meetings of the advisory committee
- Be informed on results of IUCN WCC and CBD COP

### *Composition BIODEV 2030 advisory committee*

Government institutions, Civil Society Organizations, research institutions and academic experts in the field must compose the advisory committee. IUCN Mozambique will invite the institutions or individuals/experts to be part of the advisory committee. The committee must be composed of maximum 10 to 15 members:

1. Biodiversity convention focal points of from key sectors:
  - a. Minister of Land and Environment:
    - i. DINAB – National Directorate of Environment
    - ii. ANAC – National Administration of Conservation Areas
    - iii. DINAF- National Directorate of Forest
  - b. Minister of Sea Inland water and Fisheries:
    - i. IIP – Fishery Research Institute
  - c. Minister of Agriculture and Rural Development
    - i. IIAM – Agrarian Investigation Institute
  - d. Ministry of Economy and Finance
    - i. National Directorate of Planning and Budgeting
2. Civil Society organizations and stakeholders:
  - i. WCS
  - ii. WWF
  - iii. BIOFUND
  - iv. CTA (Confederation of Economic Associations);
3. Institutional partners (invited)
  - i. AFD
  - ii. French Embassy in Mozambique (*Conseiller de coopération et d'action culturelle*)
4. Academic Experts – 3 experts from Academic Institutions – Eduardo Mondlane University, University São Tomás of Mozambique

The advisory committee may have two stages, during the project implementation. The first will be during the elaboration of the Biodiversity threat, trends and state assessment report where will only involve the government institutions in charge of biodiversity conservation, main civil society partners and academic experts, in total of 10 members maximum. After the selection of the economic sectors that threat the biodiversity two to three actors of these sectors will be invited to be part of the advisory committee.

### *Operationalization of BIODEV 2030 advisory committee*

#### Meetings of BIODEV 2030 advisory committee

The BIODEV2030 advisory committee meetings will be facilitated by IUCN. Within this one year of project, the committee will meet face to face or remotely for the presentation of inception reports for any study or report to be elaborated. The invitation must be made 15 days in advance.

The meeting will be considered to have quorum to take a decision when present in it:

- 3 members from Government institution,
- 2 from civil society organizations
- 1 academic experts

Comments of the DRAFT documents produced under BIODEV2030 project

The members must have at least 2 weeks between receiving the document and sending their comments.

Some key outputs of the BIODEV 2030

Outputs	Deadline
1. Assessment of Biodiversity status, trends and Threat Report	October 2020
2. 1 <sup>st</sup> multi-stakeholder dialogue workshop to share results of the Assessment of Biodiversity status, trends and threats ➤ 2 economic sectors identified based on learnings and dialogue	November 2020
3. A report on the selected 2 economic sectors that could feed the actors dialogue	November 2020
4. Formulation of draft sectoral or multisectoral commitments, based on report of the 2 sectors	December 2020
5. First lesson learned to share at regional level and at WCC (intermediary)	December 2020
6. 2 <sup>nd</sup> Multi-stakeholder dialogue workshops	As of January 2021
7. Elaboration of a road map to integrate COP15 decision/recommendation in sectoral plans	<i>depend on CBD Cop15 dates)</i>
8. Define priorities for implementation, sharing experience and next steps as result of the project	<i>depend on CBD Cop15 dates)</i>

End of Project in Mozambique: November 2021