



COUNTRY FACT SHEET: UGANDA (1/4)

Selected sectors



Status of voluntary commitment (VC) process in Uganda:

VCs discussed, negotiated and approved

STAKEHOLDERS INVOLVED IN THE VC NEGOTIATION PROCESS IN UGANDA



Online consultations

Agriculture

Field missions in Kagombe, Misindi, Mubende and Mount Elgon

ENERGY



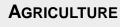
2 national sectoral workshops

Stakeholders :

Representatives of the public sector (local districts and national), CSOs, the private sector (companies and agricultural confederations), academia



1 final workshop – signature of the VC recap table





Online consultations



Field missions in Kagombe, Misindi, Mubende and Mount Elgon



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1 final workshop – signature of the VC recap table

PRODUCTIVE PRACTICES MOST HARMFUL TO BIODIVERSITY IDENTIFIED BASED ON DIAG 1 AND DIAG 2

Energy	 Overharvesting of trees to meet demand for woody resources and wood fuel Charcoal combustion and overgrazing responsible for pasture degradation
Agriculture	 Overstocking especially in livestock corridors Encroaching of forests by subsistence farming in Kagombe, Budongo and Bugoma but also outside of protected areas Unregulated farming practices and grazing in the Mount Elgon region Lack of enforcement of the legal framework on the protection of reserves













COUNTRY FACT SHEET: UGANDA (2/4)

VOLUNTARY COMMITMENT SCENARIOS IDENTIFIED IN DIAG 2 IN UGANDA

Energy	 Develop a voluntary certification scheme for sustainable energy Set up dedicated wood fuel plantations Promote and incentivise the use of alternative energy sources such as ethanol, GPL, biogas and briquettes Promote and install eco-friendly cooking technologies such as energy-efficient cookstoves or pressure cookers Introduce stricter regulations on the use of wood fuel originating from natural forests, especially on the use of native trees by administrative agencies and companies in the main Ugandan cities: only dead wood will be an acceptable feedstock 			
Agriculture	 Improve agricultural practices and obtain sustainable agriculture certification for small tea and coffee producer: 20,000ha of plantations should become certified Manage 100,000ha of forests in a sustainable fashion as demonstrated by the appropriate sustainable forest management certificate Restore 50 km² per year of degraded habitats Plant 10 million natives trees each year 			
Solutions identified by stakeholders Content of VCs obtained in Uganda (<i>NON-EXHAUSTIVE</i>)				
Both sectors	 During the workshop, a very precise framework was developed to structure the content of the VCs. Participants were invited to make their own VC propositions The framework included quantitative targets, monitoring indicators, deadlines, budget and focal institutions Beyond VC content, signatories committed to integrated biodiversity in their strategy and overall functioning. 			
Energy	 19 structures proposed VCs, among which 9 formally signed, including 3 local districts, one research centre, 2 companies, 1 farming federation, 1 governmental agency and 1 CSO. For example: The company All Green Energy committed to installing 2,000 energy-efficient cooking stove within 4 years The Uganda National Farmers Federation committed to planting 2 million native trees and to ensure the regeneration of 500,000 trees Youth Go Green committed to install 50,000 biochar stoves 			
Agriculture	16 structures proposed VCs among which 8 formally signed including 4 local districts, 1 research centre, 1 company, 1 farming federation and 1 governmental agency.			
*	 For example: The Kagadi district committed to restoring 10ha of land (outside of the protected zones of Kagombe and Bugoma) within 4 years The company Nile Breweries Limited committed to reduce its water consumption by 35% per litre of beer and to use its water treatment station for all of its waste 			













COUNTRY FACT SHEET: UGANDA (3/4)

EVALUATION OF VCs OBTAINED IN UGANDA

Criteria	Energy	Agriculture		
« SMART » nature of discussed VCs				
[Specific] Naming and relevance of stakeholders involved in VC	Yes	Yes		
[Measurable] Quantitative targets	Yes	Yes		
[Acceptable] Coherent with DIAG 1 (threats) and DIAG 2 (harmful practices) = "science-based"	Yes	Yes		
[Acceptable] Alignment with NBSAP	Yes	Yes		
[Acceptable] Alignment with Kunming – Montreal framework (main targets addressed)	10	10		
[Realistic] Enabling conditions required for implementation	Yes	Yes		
[Realistic] Existence of budgeted action plan	Yes	Yes		
[Time-bound] Mention of deadlines	Yes	Yes		
Other criteria				
Publicly available	No	No		
Formalisation and signature	Yes	Yes		
Identification of funding sources for implementation	No	No		
Conclusion	VCs discussed, negotiated and approved	VCs discussed, negotiated and approved		









COUNTRY FACT SHEET: UGANDA (4/4)

BIODEV2030 IMPLEMENTATION TIMELINE IN ALL 16 INTERVENTION COUNTRIES (MARCH 2020 – DECEMBER 2022)

