

STRENGTHENING THE SUSTAINABLE MANAGEMENT OF THE FOREST SECTOR THROUGH A BIODIVERSITY AND PES CERTIFICATE MECHANISM



17 5 years

TRIDOM Interzone Congo, Sangha, **Republic of the Congo**

Estimated Budget : 984K €

Sectors : Forestry & Agriculture



Context

The ETIC landscape covers about 21,000 km² of forest in the Sangha Department, northern Republic of Congo, and forms the Congolese portion of the cross-border TRIDOM complex.

Illegal hunting, human-wildlife conflicts and pressures related to forest tracks weaken wildlife, especially forest elephants, as well as the local acceptability of conservation.



Objectives

- Demonstrating a sustainable community conservation model based on economic incentives
- Producing reliable ecological data through community monitoring of baïs and layons
- Strengthening the involvement of Bantu and indigenous communities in biodiversity management
- Experimenting with PES mechanisms, biodiversity credits and community funds
- Reducing pressures on wildlife and support adaptive management of the Messok-Dja range



Institutions: MEDDBC and technical services

Local actors: Bantu communities and indigenous populations, village ecological monitoring committees

Technical support: WWF Congo, research and biodiversity experts

Forest actors: SEFYD / SIFCO concessions

Partners: AFD, WWF, IUCN, EF, Biotope Environnement